

CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT Kitzmiller Water System PWSID # 0110013 301-453-3814

In Accordance With: The U.S. Environmental Agency National Primary Drinking Water Regulation 40 CFR Parts 141 and 140

Introduction:

asked questions. In 2008, once again. We are committed to providing you guidelines for safe drinking water Kitzmiller Water Treatment Plant all the water produced at (USEPA), and answers to frequently Environmental Protection Agency water comes from, water quality tests year's water quality produced at the our 2008 Water Quality Report. This with information because informed standards set Included are details about where your Kitzmiller water treatment plant. annual report is a summary of last It is our pleasure to provide you with how they compare to all state and federal by the

customers are our best allies. We hope you find this report informative and helpful. Please contact us with any questions or comments.

Where Does Your Drinking Water Originate:

The source of the Kitzmiller Water supply is the Pottsville-Allegheny Formation, which is an unconfined, sandstone and shale aquifer. The Kitzmiller Water System obtains its source water from one well (ground water). The well is 445 feet deep and was put into service in April 1999. The Source Water Protection Area (SWPA) is approximately 141 acres and is irregular in shape.

How Your Water is Treated:

The raw water obtained from the well is disinfected with chlorine to kill harmful bacteria and viruses.

Testing Parameters:

Administration. The system also unless dated otherwise. January 1 and December 31, 2008 Kitzmiller's drinking water between all of the contaminants detected in Quality Data table on the back shows chemical compounds. analyzes for many Environment, Water Management unless a waiver has been granted by analyzes its finished drinking water Regulation 40 CFR Parts 141 and 142 National Primary Drinking Water for all parameters outlined in the The Kitzmiller Water System Department unregulated
The Water of

Source Water Assessment

The Garrett County Public Utilities has received from the Maryland

microbiological contamination. compounds, supply has a low susceptibility to volatile organic compounds, synthetic determined that the Kitzmiller Water 334 - 6976. request to the Garrett County is available for your review upon Department of Public Utilities, (301) Kitzmiller Water System. This report Source Water Assessment for the Water Supply Program, a Water Management Administration, Department of the Environment compounds, inorganic radionuclides, The assessment

General Drinking Water Information:

must provide the same protection for safe to drink, the EPA prescribes public health. contaminants in bottled water, which provided by public water systems. regulations that limit the amount of contaminants. contaminants herbicides, contaminants, FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants, source water include microbial Contaminants that may be present in animals or from human activity. resulting from the presence of material, and can pick up substances dissolves naturally occurring minerals the land or through the ground, it tap and bottled) include rivers, lakes, As water travels over the surface of streams, reservoirs, springs and wells. The sources of drinking water (both contaminants in some cases, radioactive To ensure tap water is organic and pesticides radioactive chemical inorganic

Drinking water, including bottled water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily

indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800-426-4791).

The Bottom Line:

available from the USEPA Safe of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are appropriate means to lessen the risk water from their health care provider. with HIV/Aids or other immune Drinking Water Hotline at (800-426-USEPA/CDC should seek advice about drinking infants may be particularly at risk system disorders, some elderly and drinking from infections. undergone organ transplants, people chemotherapy, persons who have compromised individuals such as population some individuals may be more drinking water standards. However, vulnerable Last year your tap water met all with water. to contaminants than cancer undergoing Those individuals guidelines the Immuno-

For More Information:

Please contact the Garrett County Department of Public Utilities at 301-334-6983 or the Laboratory Director at 301-387-6162 for additional information regarding the data in this report. The Board of Garrett County Commissioners holds regularly scheduled public meetings every Tuesday at 9:00am. The public meeting room is located in the Court House at 203 South 4th Street, Oakland, MD. Please call to schedule your topic on the agenda for discussion at any regularly scheduled meeting.

WATER QUALITY DATA TABLE

Regulated Contaminants	Units	Kizmiler Water	Highest Level Allowed MQL	MCLG MCLG	Sample Date	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Barium*	EG.	0.08	2	2	Aug-66	Dscharge from drilling waste and metal refineries. Erosion of natrual deposits
lead	ppb	&	AL=15	0	Dec-08	comosion of household plumbing systems
Copper	ppm	0.047	AL=1.3	1.3	Dec-08	concsion of household plumbing systems
	•	8				discharge fromstell and pulp mills; erosion
	H.	7.7	8	5	D-Gray	II amai a refrais
Ruoride	mag	0.64	4	4	Dec-07	Water Additive which promotes strong teeth
Halcacetic Acids	10	0.63	8	π⁄a	80 Au	by-product of chirking water disinfection
Tdal Trihalomethanes	pd	11.33	ī	n⁄a	Jan-08	by-product of drinking wetter chlorineticn
Urregulated Contaminants						
Sodium	ppm	99	not regulated		Aug-06	
Chloroethare	p	1.4	not regulated		Aug-06	Same the state of

contaminants do not change frequently. Some of our data, though representative, is more than one year old. Unregulated contaminants are those for which the EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant *The Maryland Dept. of the Environment requires monitoring for some contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these

monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and weather future regulation is

LEAD IN DRINKING WATER

exposure is available from the EPA Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791 or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead," wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Department of tap for 30 seconds before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your drinking water, you may Utilities is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing "If present elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in

Terms and Units Defined:

NTU - Nephelometric

Turbidity Unit:

Turbidity is a measure of the cloudiness of the water.

TT - Treatment Technique:
A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

AL - Action Level:

The concentration of a contaminant, which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements for the water system.

ppm - parts per million: Corresponds to one penny in \$10,000.

ppb - parts per billion: Corresponds to one penny in \$10,000,000.

MCL - Maximum

Contaminant Level:

The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using best available treatment technology.

MCLG - Maximum

Contaminant Level Goal:

The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

A measure of radioactivity.

received by MDE on July 15, 2008. VIOLATIONS: The Kitzmiller Water Plant failed to deliver the annual Consumer Confident Report to MDE by July 1, 2007. The report was